

# About the McMurray Enhanced Airway (MEA)

## The first distal pharyngeal airway (DPA)

Designed to quickly mitigate hypoxia • Ideal for OSA, older and obese patients

### The multipurpose DPA

#### 1. Relieves upper airway obstruction

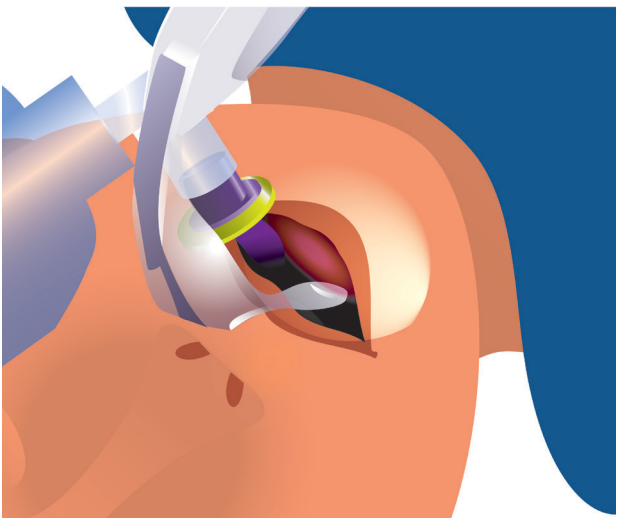
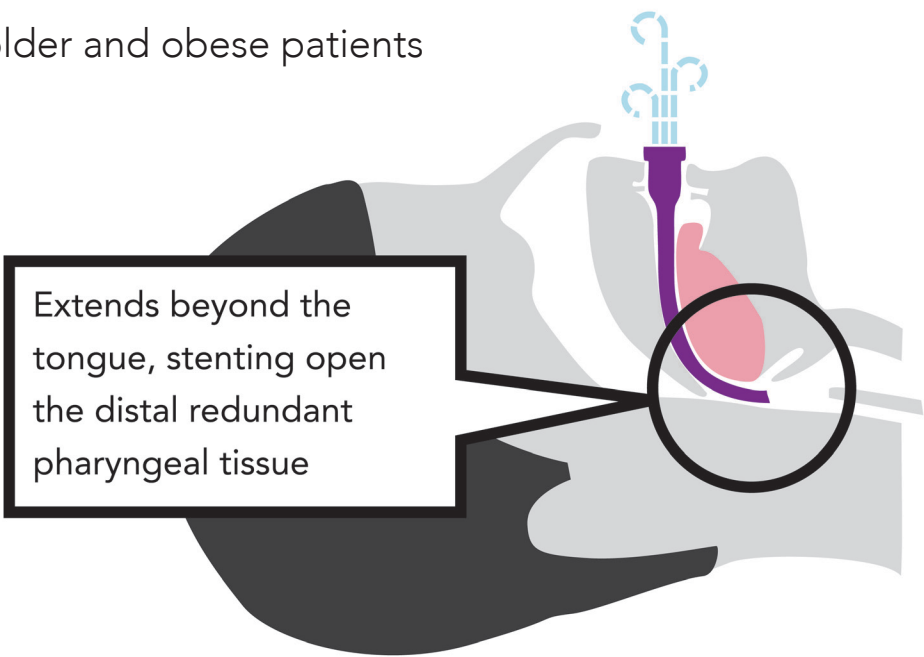
- No setup needed
- Elongated cushioned bite block

#### 2. Provides apneic oxygenation to patients who are prone to hypoxia or difficult to intubate

- Slide the MEA to the left side of the mouth, connect the MEA to the BVM and intubate around it

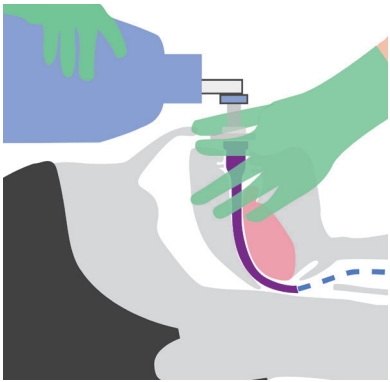
#### 3. Facilitates intraoral positive pressure ventilation (IOV)

- Avoids challenging mask ventilation, especially with obese, OSA, edentulous, or bearded patients
- IOV accomplished either manually or with a mask



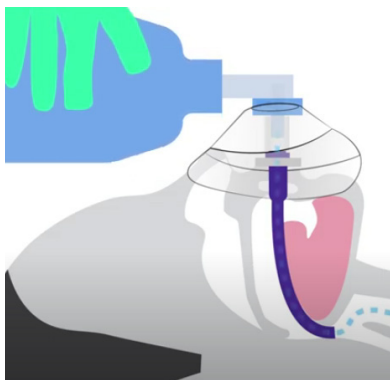
### Manually

1. Place patient's chin slightly in your left palm
2. Pinch nares closed with thumb and index finger
3. Bring lips up to seal with palm



### With a Mask

1. Place MEA midline
2. Attach straight connector (not included) to MEA connector
3. Place straight connector through the mask's hole
4. Couple to manual resuscitator

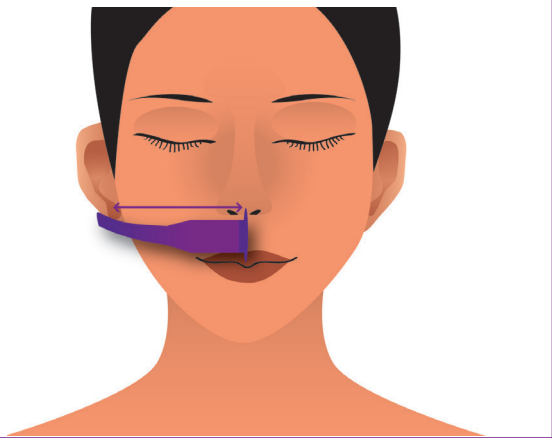


## For Successful Placement – 3 Easy Steps

1

### Size the MEA

Philtrum to tip of the earlobe (without the connector)



2

### Assess Readiness

Patient has a negative gag reflex



SCAN ME

3

### Place

Midline with curve facing palate and slide between the molars

- If measured too long when sizing, withdraw until correctly placed – keep some molars on bite block
- No lubrication, rotation or tongue depressor routinely needed

For a step-by-step video and more